



*Greening Energy  
Market and Finance*

Project website: <http://grenfin.eu>

# Innovations in Renewable Energy Sources: Microgrid Poland Island mode

## Group 2I

Names:

Matteo Menziani

Elisabeth Sbardellati

Kwok Wan

Klaudia Piątek



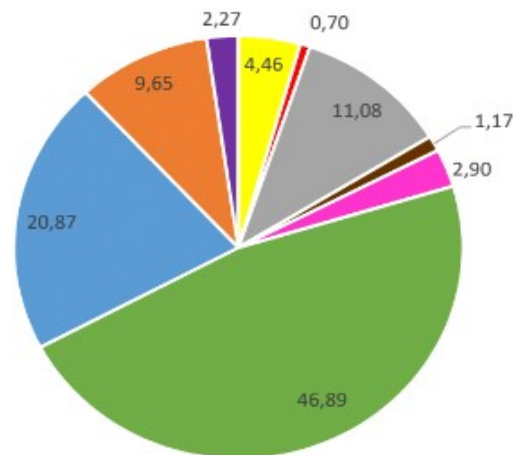
With the support of the  
Erasmus+ Programme  
of the European Union



# Experience in the field of RES

The company supplies over 51 TWh of electricity annually to 5.6 million end customers. Where current activity is limited to the southern part of Poland.

The new strategy assumes investments in renewable energy by 2025, such as photovoltaic farms and wind farms. The increase of share of low- and zero-emission sources in the structure of piles and energy carriers to approx. 30% in 2025 and approx. 65% in 2030.



■ biomass ■ biogas ■ wind energy ■ solar energy ■ hydropower ■ coal ■ lignite ■ natural gas ■ other





# Climate Risk

We have the 2/3 of the energy generated from coal and lignite:

We can review the climate risk there:

Classifications by Fitch Ratings:

- GHG Emissions & Air Quality - Emission CO<sub>2</sub>, sulphur dioxide(SO<sub>2</sub>), nitrogen oxide(Nox)
- Waste & Hazardous Materials Management - Ultra-clean coal tech reduces ash below 0.25% but still has issues sulphur to very low levels
- Water & Wastewater Management – water stresses is another concern. As water is used to create steam, which then turns turbines, generating electricity. Once-through uses water once and discharges it. Wet- recirculating that reuses water, but systems loses water during the cooling process



With the support of the  
Erasmus+ Programme  
of the European Union



# Climate Risk & Potential damage to Microgrid

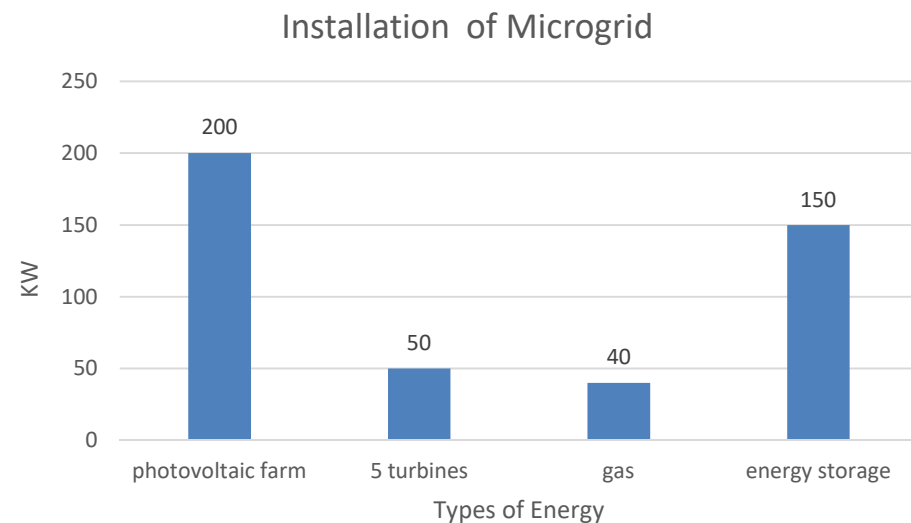
We can use wind and solar to reduce this but there are issues:

Climate risk includes changes of wind patterns can affect production of energy.

MIT researchers say climate change could reduce the yield of solar modules.

Both have seasonality to production that plays with each other so there is an overlap of production of energy, such as greater production in Apr - Sep for Solar and winter period for wind turbines.

In case of damages made to microgrid we have an energy storage of 150 KW that has a capacity of 250 kWh.





# Financial Risk

What are the consequences of not receiving a project funding?

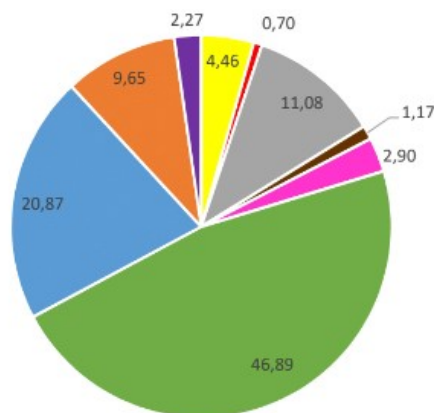
- Microgrids do not exist in Poland law at present.
- Necessary building and environmental permits issued by the Office for construction.
- High entry barrier at est. EUR 1,100,000. as environmental and innovative aspect of the project.
- Complex project that is 3 stages:
  1. Prepare tender to Contractors
  2. Performance of tender and selection of Contractor
  3. Cooperation with the Contractor in the construction of the pilot installation and its commissioning
  4. Stages must be planned in a way that minimizes delay





# Poland Carbon Tax as of 2020

Current Carbon Tax in Poland is 0.09 € where others EU countries have a higher rate.



■ biomass ■ biogas ■ wind energy ■ solar energy ■ hydropower ■ coal ■ lignite ■ natural gas ■ other

Carbon Tax Rates, Share of Covered Greenhouse Emissions, and Year of Implementation in European Countries (as of April 1, 2020)

	Carbon Tax Rate (per ton of CO <sub>2</sub> e)		Share of Jurisdiction's Greenhouse Gas Emissions Covered	Year of Implementation
	Euros	US-Dollars		
<a href="#">Denmark (DK)</a>	€23.77	\$26.00	40%	1992
<a href="#">Estonia (EE)</a>	€1.83	\$2.00	3%	2000
<a href="#">Finland (FI)</a>	€62.18	\$68.00	36%	1990
<a href="#">France (FR)</a>	€44.81	\$49.00	35%	2014
<a href="#">Iceland (IS)</a>	€27.43	\$30.00	29%	2010
<a href="#">Ireland (IE)</a>	€25.60	\$28.00	49%	2010
<a href="#">Latvia (LV)</a>	€9.14	\$10.00	15%	2004
<a href="#">Liechtenstein (LI)</a>	€90.53	\$99.00	26%	2008
<a href="#">Norway (NO)</a>	€48.46	\$53.00	62%	1991
<a href="#">Poland (PL)</a>	€0.09	\$0.10	4%	1990





# Sources of co-financing for project

Fund?	Innovation Fund	Strengthened implementation of Circular Economy
Why consistent?	Innovative technologies for emissions reduction. European-wide commitment in energy transition.	Microgrids limit raw material use, reduce missions, reduce risk of power outages
Significant criteria?	Effectiveness in emission avoidance. -Project maturity; Cost-efficiency.	Implementation of sustainable development principle, support effective functioning economy & society
Amount funded?	Up to 60%	Up to 85% (Min 300.000 €, Max 1.000.000 €)





# Further insights in financing alternatives

The co-funding strategy integration with alternative financial sources:



Potential synergies allowed for by the Innovation Fund



Green Bonds

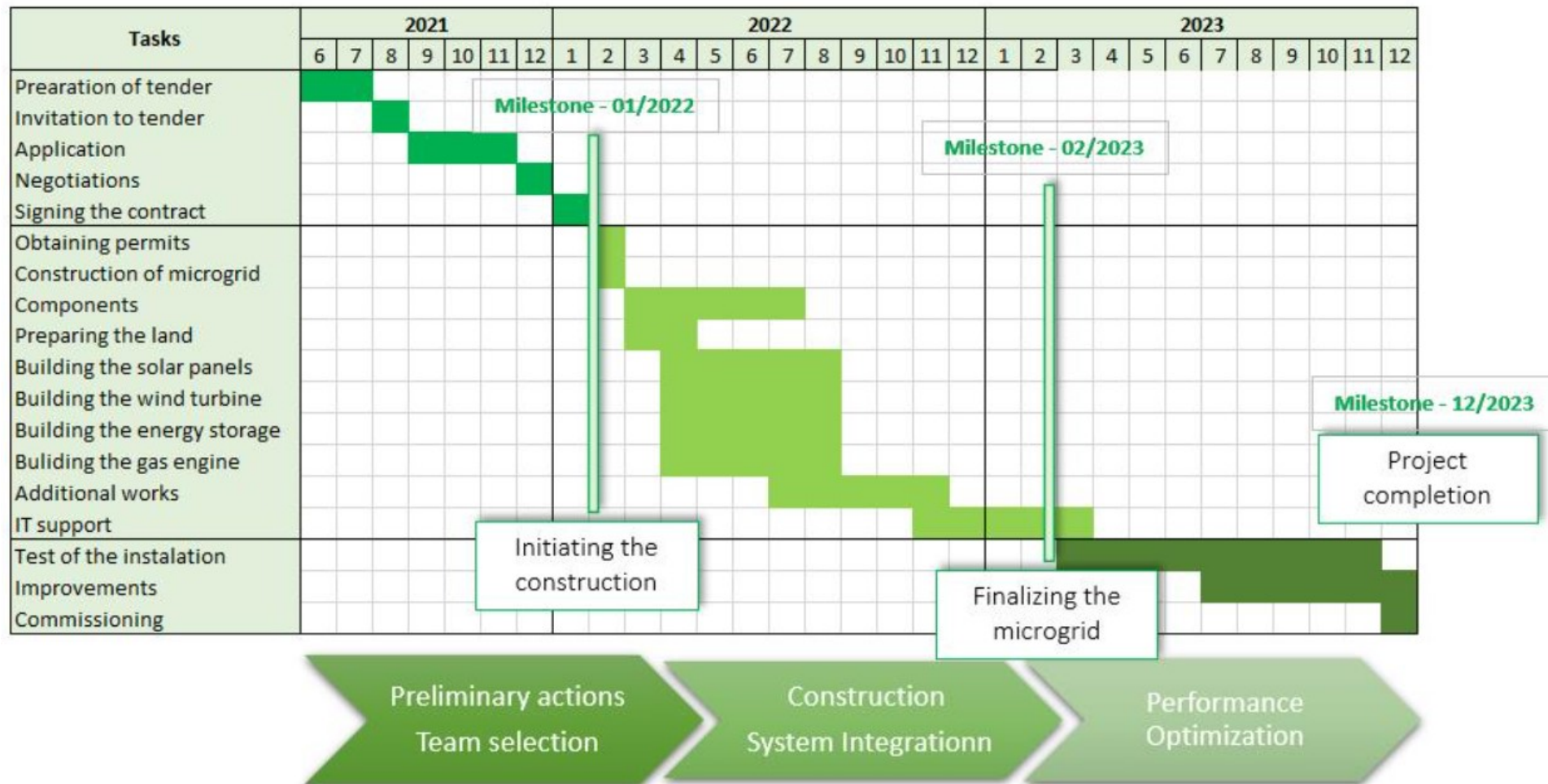


Weather Derivatives





# Schedule for Project





*Greening Energy  
Market and Finance*

Thank you for  
your attention 😊



With the support of the  
Erasmus+ Programme  
of the European Union



## Greening Energy Market and Finance

Project website: <http://grenfin.eu>



The information and views set out in this publication are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the official opinion of the European Union. Neither the European Union institutions and bodies nor any person acting on their behalf may be held responsible for the use which may be made of the information contained therein.



With the support of the  
Erasmus+ Programme  
of the European Union